# PROBRANDS

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

Product identifier LPS® 1

Other means of identification

Part Number C00122, C01128, C00105, C00155

Recommended use

An industrial lubricant designed to displace moisture from mechanical and electrical equipment,

provide light-duty lubrication and short-term rust prevention.

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

**Company name** ITW Pro Brands **Address** 4647 Hugh Howell Rd.

Tucker, GA 30084

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 770-243-8800

In Case of Emergency 1-800-424-9300

1-703-527-3887

Website www.lpslabs.com

E-mail lpssds@itwprobrands.com
Supplier ITW Permatex Canada

1-35 Brownridge Road Halton Hills, ON, L7G 0C6

Canada

1-800-241-8334

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 4Health hazardsSkin corrosion/irritationCategory 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways.

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Avoid breathing mist or

vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear

protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. If swallowed: Immediately call a poison

center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards None known.

Supplemental information Contains Calcium Sulfonate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	<u></u>
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light		64742-47-8	70 - 80
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med		64742-46-7	15 - 25
Sorbitan trioleate		26266-58-0	1 - 5
Calcium Sulfonate		61789-86-4	0.1 - 1

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Eye contact

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If Ingestion

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Aspiration may cause Most important

pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin symptoms/effects, acute and

irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special

treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

Alcohol resistant foam. Water spray. Water fog. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon Suitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

mixtures. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

delayed

Special protective equipment

and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

The product is combustible, and heating may generate vapors which may form explosive vapor/air

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Combustible liquid.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

### 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. When using do not smoke. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Oil mist	
64742-47-8)				

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form	
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.	

### **Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

## **Exposure guidelines**

### Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

64742-47-8)

# Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Chemical resistant gloves are recommended.

Other Avoid contact with the skin. Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate

certified respirators.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with clothing. Wash hands after handling. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Liquid. Physical state **Form** Liquid. Amber. Color

Odor Characteristic. Odor threshold Not available. Not applicable Hq Melting point/freezing point < -58 °F (< -50 °C) Initial boiling point and boiling 415.4 °F (213 °C)

range

174.2 °F (79.0 °C) Tag Closed Cup (dispensed liquid) Flash point

**Evaporation rate** < 0.1 (BuAc = 1)Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

0.6%

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

7 %

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

< 0.05 mm Hg @ 20°C Vapor pressure

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.79 - 0.81 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not soluble

< 1 **Partition coefficient** 

(n-octanol/water)

> 442.4 °F (> 228 °C) **Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** Not established < 3.8 cSt @ 25°C **Viscosity** 

Other information

Heat of combustion Not established Percent volatile 95 - 96 %

VOC 0.4 % per US State & Federal Consumer Product Regulations

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Risk of ignition. Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Hazardous polymerization does not

reactions

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid Conditions to avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides.

### 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Skin irritation. Exposure may cause temporary irritation, redness, or discomfort. Vapors have a narcotic effect

and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Decrease in motor functions.

Behavioral changes.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

Components Species Test Results

Calcium Sulfonate (CAS 61789-86-4)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

Vapor

LC50 Rat > 4.5 mg/l, 4 Hours

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

Narcotic effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components Species Test Results

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Material name: LPS® 1 SDS CANADA

C00122, C01128, C00105, C00155 Version #: 02 Revision date: 08-24-2017 Issue date: 11-01-2016

Persistence and degradability Not inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

LPS® 1 < 1

Mobility in soilNo data available.Other adverse effectsNone known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions**Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

# 14. Transport information

#### **TDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### **IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

### 15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS

contains all the information required by the CPR.

### **Controlled Drugs and Substances Act**

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

### **Greenhouse Gases**

Not listed.

### **Precursor Control Regulations**

Not regulated.

International regulations

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with EC directives or respective national laws. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive

94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

**Rotterdam Convention** 

Not applicable.

**Kyoto protocol** 

Not applicable.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not applicable.

**Basel Convention** 

Not applicable.

### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

# 16. Other information

 Issue date
 11-01-2016

 Revision date
 08-24-2017

Version # 02

Further information HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

Material name: LPS® 1 SDS CANADA

Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

References

ACGIH

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

Korea. Accidental Release Prevention Substances (Presidential Decree of Toxic Chemical Control Law. Executive Order No. 19203)

Korea. Dangerous Substances Threshold Quantity (Presidential Decree of Dangerous Substances Safety Management Act No. 18406, Schedule 1)

Korea. Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacturing (Presidential Decree on the Industrial Safety and Health Act (No. 13053), Article 29)

Korea. Harmful Substances Requiring Permission for Manufacture or Use (Presidential Decree on the Industrial Safety and Health Act (No. 13053), Article 30)

Korea. Non-Toxic Chemicals List (National Institute of Environment Research (NIER) Public Notice No. 1997-10, as amended)

Korea. Observational Chemicals (Ministerial Decree of TCCL Article 6)

Korea. OELs. Regulation for Permitted Concentration of Hazardous Substances (Ministry of Labor (MOL) Public Notice No. 1986-45, as amended)

Korea. Prohibited Chemical Substances (TCCL Article 11)

Korea. Regulated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) (MOE Notice No. 2001-36, March 8, 2001, as amended)

Korea. Restricted Chemical Substances (TCCL Article 11)

Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL), Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)

Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL), pre-1997 List

Korea. Toxic Chemicals (TCCL Article 10)

Korea. Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) Chemicals (TCCL Article 14)

Taiwan. Dangerous Materials (Rules on Hazard Communication of Dangerous Materials and Toxic Materials)

Taiwan. Industrial Precursor Chemicals (Categories and Regulations Governing Inspection and Declaration of Industrial Precursor Chemicals, MOEA Decree No. 87, as amended)

Taiwan. OELs. (Standards on Workplace Atmosphere of Dangerous and Hazardous Materials) Taiwan. Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS) (List of Toxic Chemical Substances announced by the Environmental Protection Administration)

Taiwan. Toxic Materials (Rules on Hazard Communication of Dangerous Materials and Toxic Materials)

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices Japan Society for Occupational Health, Recommendation of Occupational Exposure Limits GOST 30333-2007 - Chemical production safety passport. General requirements JIS Z 7252:2009 Classification of chemicals based on "Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)"

JIS Z 7253:2012 Hazard communication of chemicals based on GHS – Labelling and Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Japan Chemical Industry Association (JCIA) GHS Guideline, June 2012

**Disclaimer** 

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with JIS Z 7253:2012. Additional information is given in the Material Safety Data Sheet. ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**Revision information** 

Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement Hazard(s) identification: Prevention Hazard(s) identification: Response First-aid measures: Skin contact

First-aid measures: Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Toxicological information: Acute toxicity Toxicological information: Skin contact Toxicological information: Skin contact

Toxicological information: Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological

characteristics

Regulatory Information: Risk Phrases - Labeling

GHS: Classification